

COSC 5P05 - Introduction to Lambda-Calculus

Term Test 1

Question 1 (5 marks): Perform the following substitutions:

1. $[\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.(x \langle y, y \rangle)$,
2. $[\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda y:A.(x \langle y, y \rangle)$,
3. $[\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda z:A.(x \langle z, z \rangle)$,
4. $[\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\langle \lambda z:A \rightarrow B.\langle x, z \rangle, (\lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.x) x \rangle$.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} & [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.(x \langle y, y \rangle) \\ &= \lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.(x \langle y, y \rangle), \\ & [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda y:A.(x \langle y, y \rangle) \\ &= \lambda y:A.(\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p)) \langle y, y \rangle), \\ & [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda z:A.(x \langle z, z \rangle) \\ &= [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda y:A.(x \langle y, y \rangle) \\ &= \lambda y:A.(\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p)) \langle y, y \rangle), \\ & [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\langle \lambda z:A \rightarrow B.\langle x, z \rangle, (\lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.x) x \rangle \\ &= \langle [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x]\lambda z:A \rightarrow B.\langle x, z \rangle, [\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))/x](\lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.x) x \rangle \\ &= \langle \lambda y:A \rightarrow B.\langle \lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p)), y \rangle, (\lambda x:A \times A \rightarrow B.x) (\lambda p:A \times A.(z \text{ fst}(p))) \rangle. \end{aligned}$$

Question 2 (5 marks): Find the normal form of the following λ -terms (show intermediate steps):

1. $\langle \text{fst}(p), \lambda x:A.x \rangle$,
2. $(\lambda p:A \times B.((\lambda x:A.x) \text{fst}(p))) \langle y, z \rangle$,
3. $(\lambda p:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A.\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((p \ y) \ x)) ((\lambda p:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A.\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((p \ y) \ x)) \ f)$.

Remark: In the reduction of the third term you will apply an η -rule twice.

Solution:

The first term is already in normal form and the others reduce as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\lambda p:A \times B.((\lambda x:A.x) \text{fst}(p))) \langle y, z \rangle \\
& \rightarrow (\lambda x:A.x) \text{fst}(\langle y, z \rangle) \\
& \rightarrow (\lambda x:A.x) \ y, \\
& \rightarrow y, \\
& (\lambda p:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A.\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((p \ y) \ x)) ((\lambda p:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A.\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((p \ y) \ x)) \ f) \\
& \rightarrow (\lambda p:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A.\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((p \ y) \ x)) (\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((f \ y) \ x)) \\
& \rightarrow \lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.(((\lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((f \ y) \ x)) \ y) \ x)) \\
& \rightarrow \lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((\lambda z:A.((f \ z) \ y)) \ x) \\
& \rightarrow \lambda x:A.\lambda y:A.((f \ x) \ y) \\
& \rightarrow \lambda x:A.(f \ x) \\
& \rightarrow f.
\end{aligned}$$

Question 3 (10 marks): Write a λ -term

$$\text{twist}_{A,B} : (A \times B) \rightarrow (B \times A),$$

so that $\text{twist}_{B,A} (\text{twist}_{A,B} \ p) \rightarrow p$ for all $p:A \times B$. Compute the previous property explicitly (show intermediate steps).

Remark: In the reduction mentioned above you will apply an η -rule.

Solution:

Define

$$\text{twist}_{A,B} \equiv \lambda p:A \times B.\langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle.$$

Then we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{twist}_{B,A} (\text{twist}_{A,B} p) \\ & \rightarrow (\lambda p: B \times A. \langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle) ((\lambda p: A \times B. \langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle) p) \\ & \rightarrow (\lambda p: B \times A. \langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle) \langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle \\ & \rightarrow \langle \text{fst}(\langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle), \text{snd}(\langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle) \rangle \\ & \rightarrow \langle \text{fst}(p), \text{snd}(p) \rangle \\ & \rightarrow p. \end{aligned}$$